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DEPRESIVNOST I PREDSTAVA O SEBI ADOLESCENATA BEZ RODITELJSKOG STARANJA

U ovom radu prikazani su različiti pristupi depresivnosti kod dece i omladine, kao i stanovište da su afektivni poremećaji kod ove populacije najčešće prikriveni i lakše se mogu identifikovati preko ispitivanja predstave o sebi. U tom cilju sprovedeno je istraživanje u Domu za decu bez roditeljskog staranja "Duško Radović", radi upoređivanja predstave o sebi i depresivnosti kod adolescenata iz doma i adolescenata koji potiču iz kompletne porodice. Uporedjivana su dva uzorka od po 35 ispitanika uzrasta od 14 do 18 godina ujednačenih po starosti, polu i školskom uspehu. Zadate su skale depresivnosti Kovača iz 1980 i skala self koncepta Opačića iz 1995. godine. Pokazalo se da značajne razlike postoje jedino kad je u pitanju globalna komponentnost, kao aspekt self-koncepta, dok u pogledu depresivnosti nema razlika među ispitivanim uzorcima. Takođe se pokazalo da postoji značajna korelacija između depresivnosti, globalne komponentnosti, globalnog samopoštovanja i samoprocene fizičke privlačnosti adolescenata.

Ključne reči: depresivnost, predstava o sebi, adolescenti lišeni roditeljskog staranja

DEPRESSION AND CONCEPT ABOUT ONESELF OF ADOLESCENTS WITHOUT PARENTAL GUIDANCE

In this study different approaches of depression at children and youth have been represented, as well a standpoint that emotional disorders within these population are in most cases, hidden and are more easily identified through examining the concept of oneself. Because of that, the research in 'Dusko Radovic'- children's home for children without parental guidance has been conducted because of comparing the concept of oneself and depression at adolescents from the children's

home and at adolescents originating from complete families. Two samples of 35 tested pupils of 14 up to 18 years have been compared and they were leveled according to age, sex and school results. The scales of depression of Kovac from 1980 and of self-concept of Opacic from 1995 were given. It was notified that considerable difference were present only when it came to global competence, as an aspect of self-concept, as when it came to depression, there were no differences between tested samples. It was also shown that considerable correlation between depression of global competence, global self-esteem and self-evaluation of physical attraction of adolescents exists.

Keywords: depression, concept of oneself, adolescents deprived of parental guidance