

OSOBINE LIČNOSTI I PREFERIRANI STILOVI LJUBAVI KAO PREDIKTORI BRAČNOG STATUSA ODRASLIH

Osnovni cilj istraživanja bio je ispitati prediktivnu moć osobina ličnosti i preferencije ljubavnih stilova za utvrđivanje bračnog statusa (u braku, razvedeni, slobodni). Istraživanjem je obuhvaćeno 180 ispitanika, uzrasta od 35 do 45 godina, podeljenih u tri poduzorka: osobe u braku, razvedene i slobodne. Korišćeni instrumenti: NEO PI-R, Skala ljubavnih stilova i Upitnik o sociodemografskim karakteristikama, konstruisan za potrebe istraživanja. Ranija istraživanja uglavnom su se bavila osobinama ličnosti i stilovima ljubavi na uzorku ispitanika u braku. U ovom radu uključeni su i razvedeni i slobodni ispitanici. Za svaki od ispitivanih statusa veze izdvojili su se statistički značajni prediktori, a pokazale su se i razlike između ispitanika koji pripadaju različitom bračnom statusu. Ispitanici u braku skloni su strastnoj i nesebičnoj ljubavi (Eros i Agape), dok razvedeni ispitanici najmanje vrednuju upravo ova dva stila ljubavi. Izdvojile su se i određene osobine ličnosti koje predstavljaju adekvantne prediktore za slobodne (Neuroticizam i Otvorenost) i razvedene ispitanike (Otvorenost i Ekstraverzija).

Ključне речи: osobine ličnosti, stilovi ljubavi, partnerski odnosi, bračni status

PERSONALITY TRAITS AND PREFERRED STYLES OF LOVE AS PREDICTORS OF MARITAL STATUS OF ADULTS

The main aim of this study was to examine the personality traits and preferences of love styles people of different marital status. Also, we wanted to determine differences in personality traits and preferences of love styles between married people, divorced people and people who are not in relationship. The survey covered three sub-samples, aged 35 to 45 years, a total of 180 respondents. Instruments used: NEO PI, Love Attitude Scale and Questionnaire on sociodemographic characteristics, designed for purposes of this research. Previous studies examined only personality traits and love styles of married people. In this paper

we wanted to expend results on a sample of divorced people and respondents who are not in relationship. For each of the tested relationship status were found adequate predictors and it was found differences between subjects of different marital status. Respondents who are married tend to have passionate and selfless love (Eros and Agape), while divorced respondents least valued precisely these two styles of love. Some personality traits were distinguished like adequate predictors for free (Neuroticism and Openness) and divorced respondents (Openness and Extraversion).

Keywords: marriage, divorce, singles, personality traits, love attitudes